



Living together along an invasion gradient. The example of the plant communities at the Iles Kerguelen.

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Living together along an invasion gradient The example of the plant communities at the Iles Kerguelen

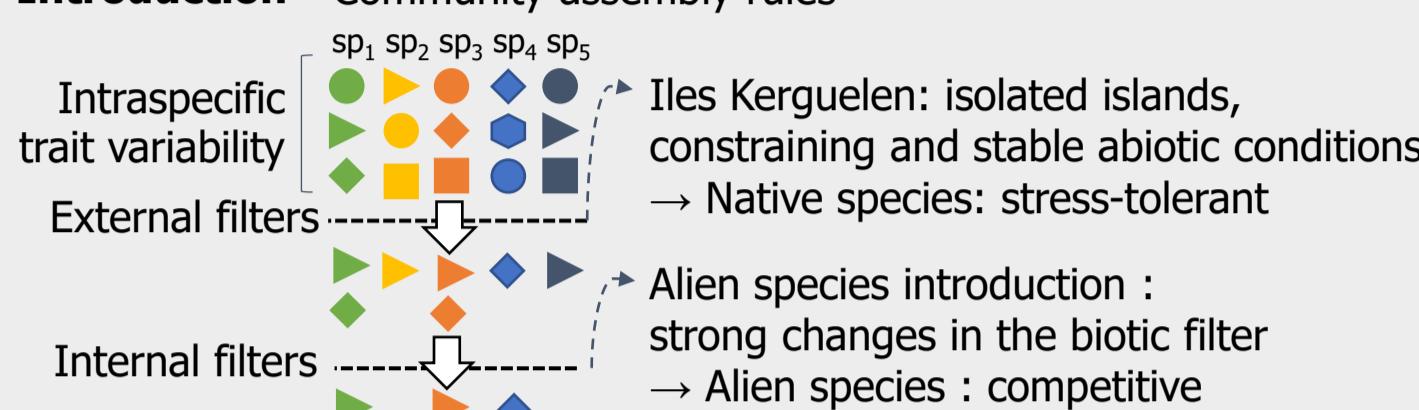
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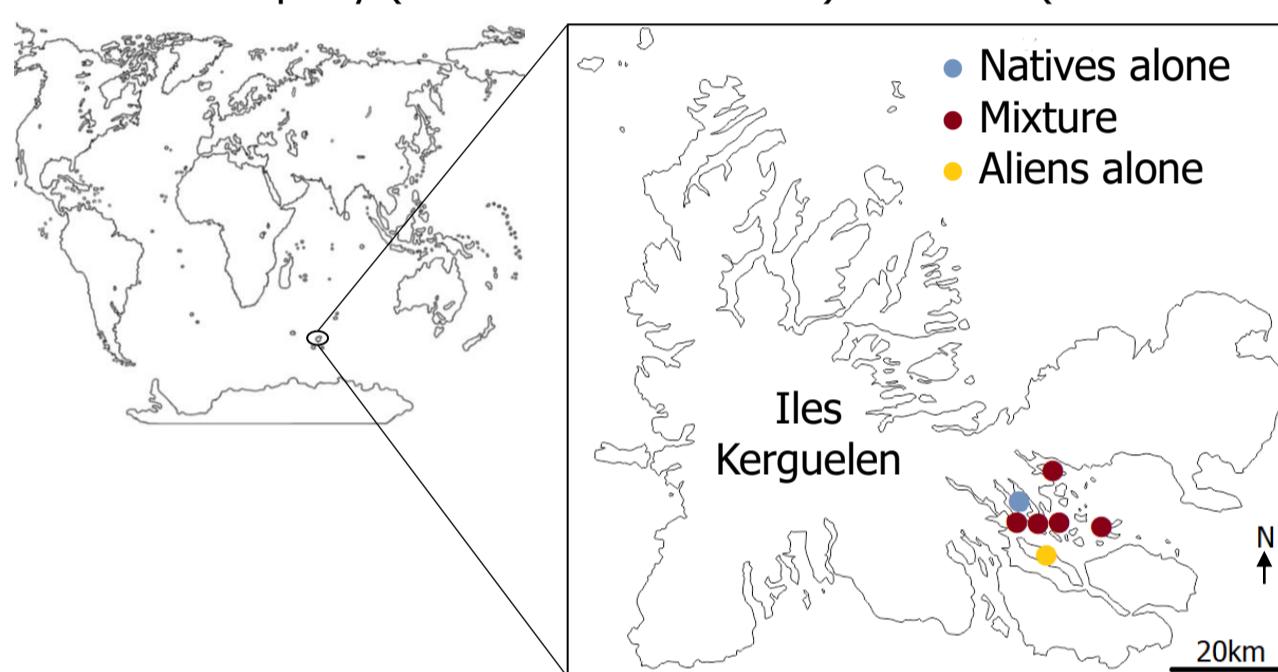
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Introduction Community assembly rules



Materials & methods

- Field sampling along invasion gradients of alien plant species : 5 sites in mixture x 2 gradients x 4 areas (100m² each)
- 2 sites in allopatry (natives or aliens alone) x 2 areas (100m² each)



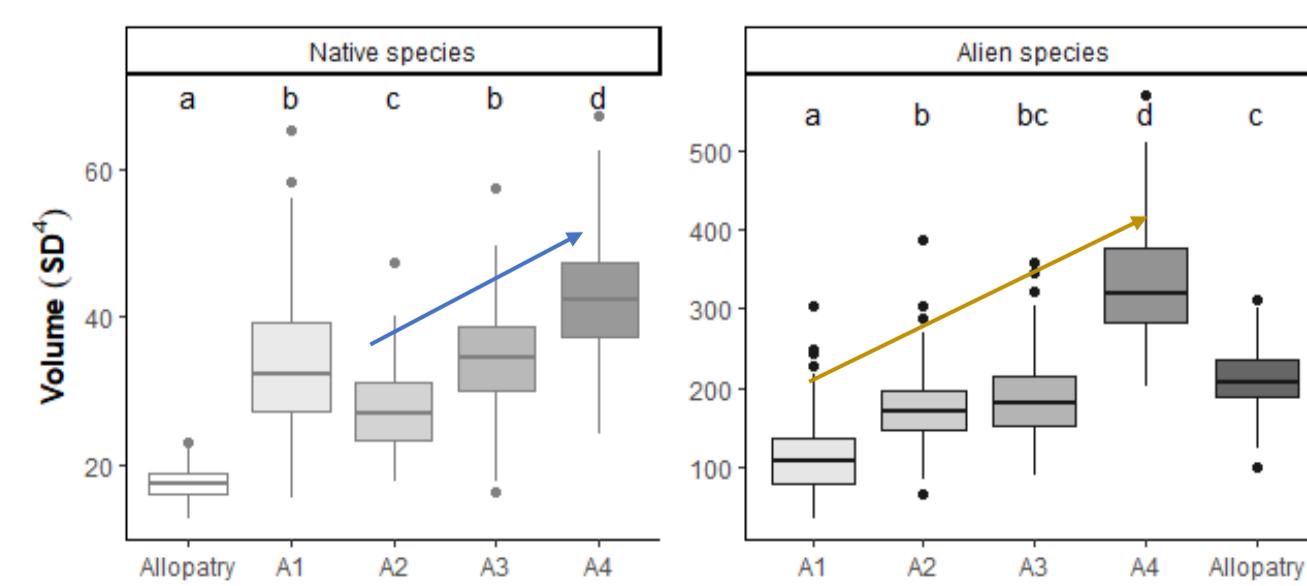
Results

Mean trait comparisons between pairs of alien and native species in allopatry. Trait names are colored according to the group of species that had significantly higher mean trait.

Native species

| Height | SLA | <i>Acaena magellanica</i> | <i>Azorella selago</i> | <i>Blechnum penna-marina</i> | <i>Festuca contracta</i> |
|-----------------------------|----------------|---------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| LDMC | LA | | | | |
| <i>Dactylis glomerata</i> | Height LA | Height LDMC LA | Height LDMC LA | Height SLA LDMC LA | Height SLA LDMC LA |
| <i>Poa pratensis</i> | Height LDMC LA | Height LDMC LA | Height LDMC LA | Height LDMC LA | Height LDMC LA |
| <i>Taraxacum officinale</i> | Height LDMC LA | Height LDMC LA | Height LDMC LA | Height LDMC LA | Height LDMC LA |

Comparing all native to all alien species, alien species had significantly higher height, SLA and LA than native.



Volume of hypervolumes built with all native or all alien individuals within each areas.

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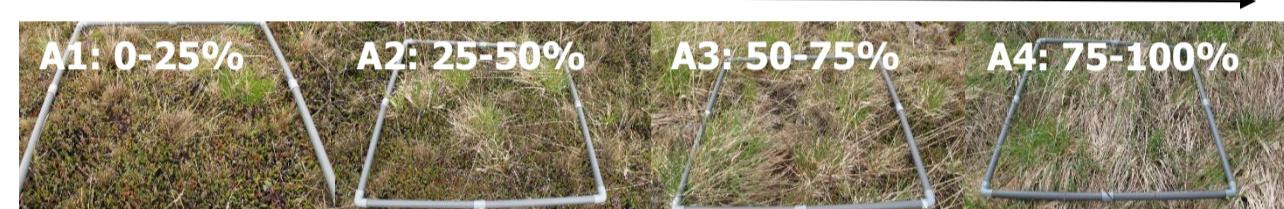
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H1: Alien plant species exhibit more competitive trait value than native species

H2: Mechanisms of species coexistence should shift along invasion gradient from niche stabilization under low invasive species abundances to competitive hierarchy at the opposite end of the gradient

H3: Environmental conditions should lead to the existence of optimum for trait values, especially for height, and thus limit the competitive hierarchy
(Mathakutha et al., 2019; van Kleunen et al., 2010; Violette et al., 2012)

- Areas of increasing proportions of alien plant species



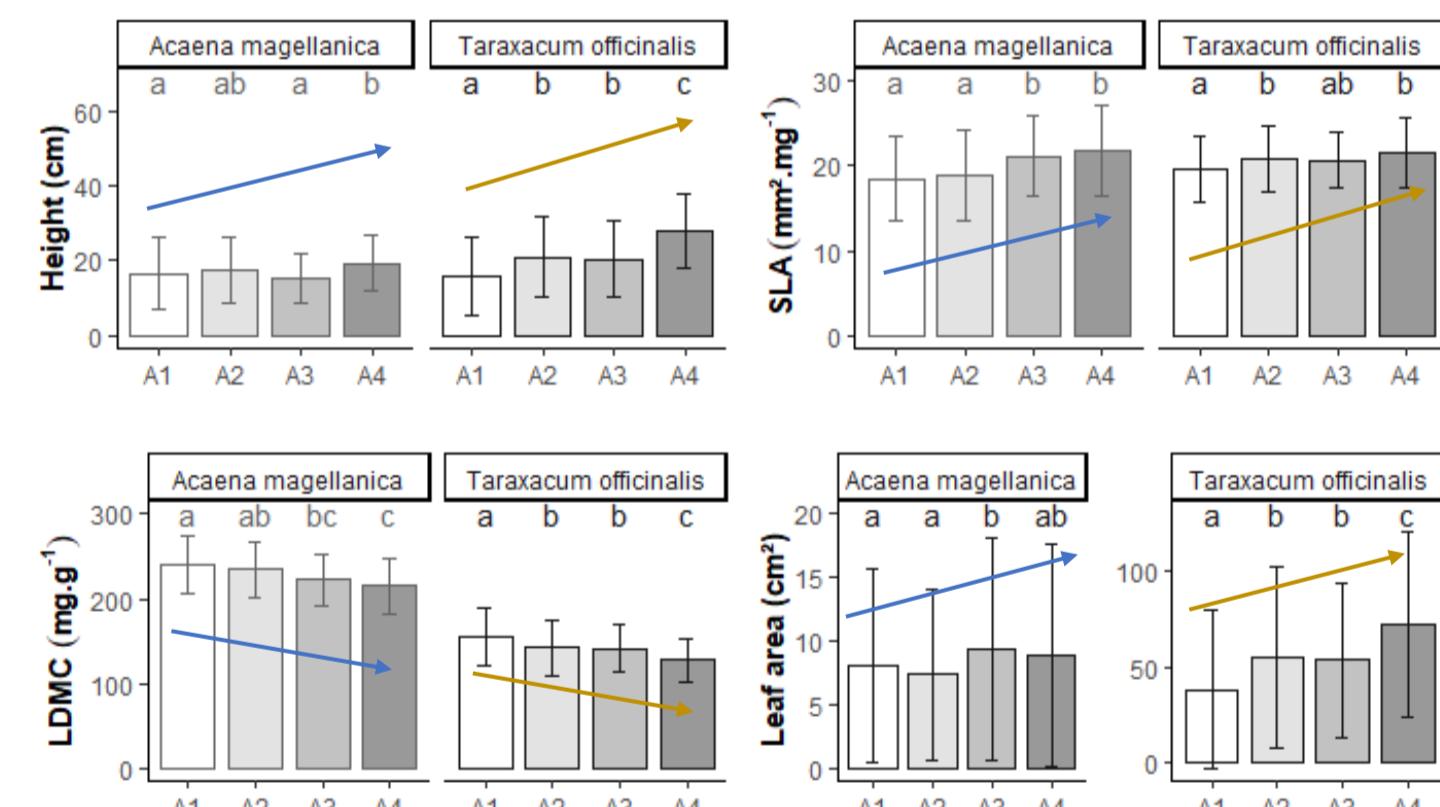
- 8 quadrats / area → Plant species cover (%)

Natives : *Acaena magellanica*, *Azorella selago*, *Blechnum penna-maritima* & *Festuca contracta*

Aliens: *Cerastium fontanum*, *Dactylis glomerata*, *Poa pratensis*, *Taraxacum erythrospermum* & *Taraxacum officinale*

- 10 individuals / dominant species / area
→ Plant trait measurements

| | Associated functions |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Height (H) | Persistence and tolerance to environmental stress |
| Specific Leaf Area (SLA) | Competitiveness, resource acquisition |
| Leaf Dry Matter Content (LDMC) | X |
| Leaf Area (LA) | X |



Mean trait comparisons between areas of increasing proportion of alien plant species. Results are presented for only one native and one alien plant species but similar trends were observed for all species.

H1, validated ✓ alien plant species show more competitive trait value than native species

H2, partially rejected ✓ X alien and native species do exhibit an increase in trait mean toward more competitive trait value, but the variability of strategies also increase along the invasion gradient

H3, rejected X environmental conditions do not appear to limit the increase in trait values for the studied sites

All species, native and alien, seem to be involved in the arms race, but some are falling behind